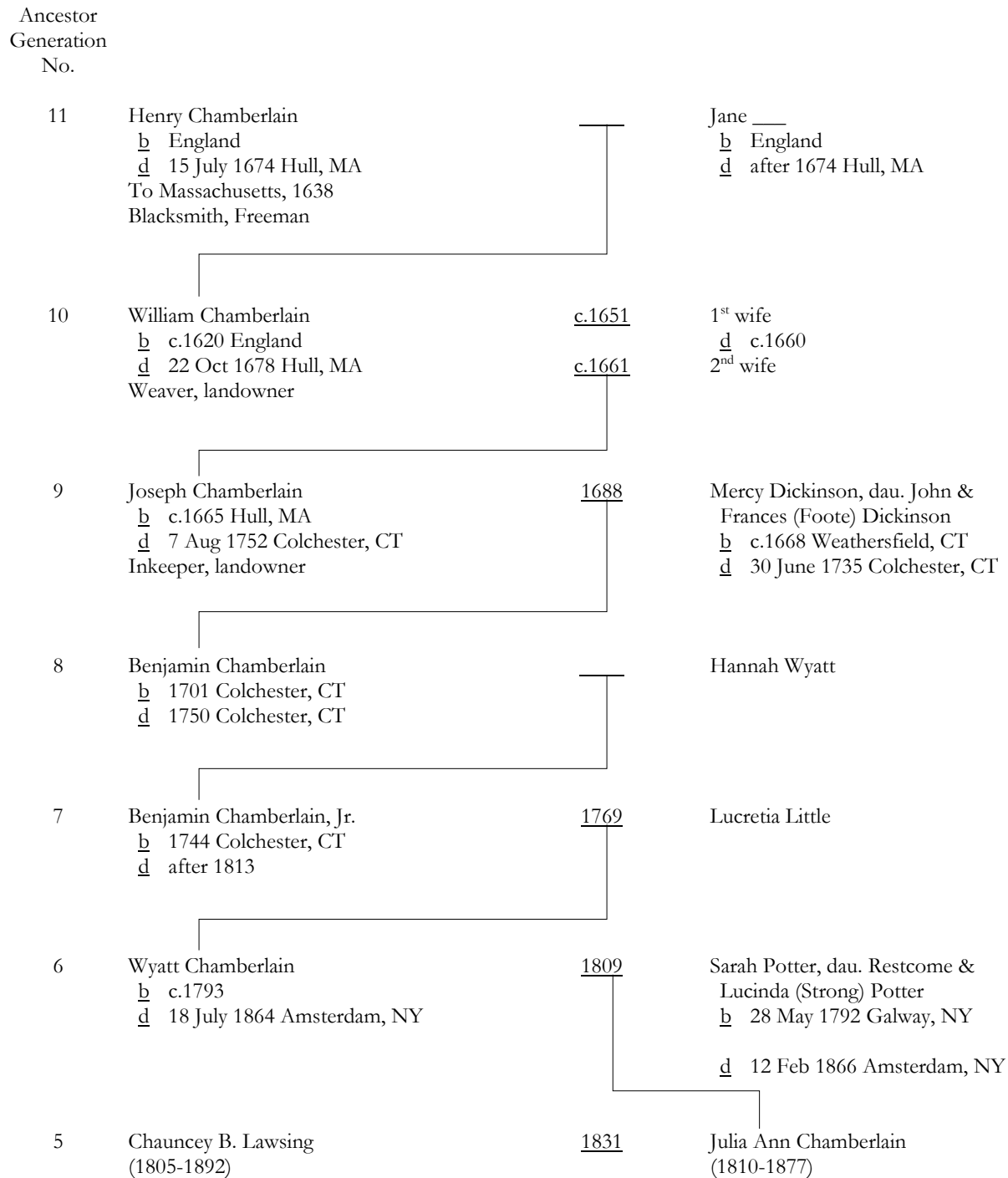


Chart 1. Chamberlain ancestors in the Magnusson-Lawsing family



(See Lawsing)

Sources: The Chamberlain Assoc. Of America, *Annual Report*, covering 1906-1907, NYC, 1908; and Prentiss Glazier, *Chamberlain Families of Early New England and New York*, typescript at N.Y. State Library, 929.2QC443 74-5952.

Chamberlain ancestors in the Magnusson-Lawsing family were the forebears of Wyatt Chamberlain, father of Julia Ann Chamberlain (see Chart 1, opposite). Information for the following accounts came, for the most part, from two works: *The Annual Report of the Chamberlain Association of America* (NYC, 1908); and *Chamberlain Families of Early New England and New York*, by Prentiss Glazier (a typescript at the New York State Library). The Annual Report is the source for the first three Ancestor Generations: those of Henry, William and Joseph.

Henry Chamberlain¹¹ (bef.1605 -1674)

Henry Chamberlain¹¹ was born in England, probably at Hingham, County of Norfolk, and he died 15 July 1674 at Hull, Plymouth County, Massachusetts. He married Jane ____, who survived him.

In England, Henry was a parishoner of Rev. Robert Peck, rector of the parish of Hingham from 7 Jan 1605-06. Peck was deposed by Bishop Matthew Wren in 1637; whereupon Peck and a number of his erstwhile parishoners, including Henry, decided to immigrate to New England. Describing this episode, the Hingham rector wrote in his parish register in 1715 that Robert Peck was a—

man of very violent schismatical spirit, that he pulled down the rails and leveled the alter and the whole chancel a foot below the church as it remains to this day [1715], but being prosecuted for it by Bishop Wren (Bishop Wren, himself, was impeached in 1641 and imprisoned in the Tower until 1659) he (Peck) fled the kingdom and went over to New England *with many of his parishoners*, who sold their estates at half their value, and conveyed all their effects to that new plantation, erected a town and colonie by the name of Hingham, where many of their posterity are still [1715] remaining... he (Peck) promosed never to desert them (his parishoners), but hearing that the Bishops were deposed, he left them all to shift for themselves and came to Hingham in the year 1646 after ten years of voluntary banishment. He resumed his rectory and died in 1656 (Annual Rept., p. 32).

To go back to 1638, the voluntary religious exiles from Hingham sailed on the ship *Diligent* from Ipswich, England, touched at London, and arrived 10 Aug 1638 at Charlestown, Mass. One of the *Diligent's* passengers, 18-year-old Daniel Cushing, years later (probably after 1680) listed his fellow-passengers in his diary, including:

Henry Chamberlin, shoemaker, his wife and mother and two children came from old Hingham and settled at New Hingham—5 (Annual Rept., p. 31).

It seems likely that more than two of Henry's children were born in England; so, it might be, some of his children came to America later, or, it might be, Daniel Cushing mis-remembered the number of children in this immigrant family.

In America, Henry was granted land for a house-lot in Hingham, Mass., in 1638; and he was admitted a freeman, 13 Mar 1638-39. Henry lived at Hingham until 1660 when he resettled, across Broad (or Hingham) Bay, at Hull. He died at Hull 15 July 1674.

In his will, written 8 Dec 1673 and proved 29 July 1674, "Henry Chamberlin, sometime of Hingham but now of Hull in the County of Suffolk (now Plymouth) in New England, blacksmith," mentioned his wife Jane, sons Henry and William and daughters Susan Carter, Ursly Cole and Faith Patterson.

Children of Henry and Jane Chamberlain—Chamberlain¹⁰

The Annual Report listed (p. 37) 12 children in this family, but Henry named only five children—Susan, Henry, William, Ursly and Faith—in his will. Six of the children listed— Daniel (1), Mary, Daniel (2), Sarah, Nathaniel and Ebenezer—died, or probably died, in infancy or childhood. One child, John, however, evidently survived his father, but was not mentioned in Henry’s will. I wonder why.

1. Susanna (Susan), b c.1616, m Joseph CARTER of Charlestown and Woburn, Mass., who died at Charlestown 31 Jan 1676-77, ae. 72 years. Susanna m (2nd), 4 June 1677, Richard ECCLES, a weaver of Cambridge, Mass., who died before 10 Mar 1696-97, she surviving.

2. Henry, b c.1618, d 3 Dec 1678; m Sarah Jones who was born c.1635 and who died 16 Dec 1710 at Boston. Henry, a blacksmith, and Sarah lived at Hull.

+ **3. William** married twice and lived at Hull from about 1653. The inventory of his estate indicated that William took care of his father and mother in their old age. Of principal interest here, William is more fully reported below.

4. Daniel, baptised and died 1632, Hingham, England; and twin

5. Mary, also baptised and died 1632, Hingham, England.

6. John, bapt. 15 Nov 1633, Hingham, England, admitted as an inhabitant of Boston, Mass., 28 July 1651. He married Joanna ____, who signed, 5 Mar 1685-86, with John, a deed for a lot sold for £7 “unto my Brother William Chamberlin of Hull, weaver...” Around 1696 John moved to Dorchester, S.C., where he was a shipwright.

7. Ursula (Ursly), b c.1634; m c.1655 John COLE of Charlestown, Mass.

8. Faith m before 1656 Edward PATTERSON of Hingham from 1652. He was a Quaker and, I imagine, Faith became a Quaker when she married him. They moved to Freehold, N.J. as early as 1667 where Edward died before 5 Oct 1672. Faith married (2nd), between 8 Dec 1673 and 6 Nov 1674, Thomas HUET (HEWITT). Faith Huet witnessed, 6d 9mo 1674, the first recorded Quaker marriage at Shrewsbury, N.J. Faith died 30 Jan 1710-11.

Considering that Daniel, the next younger child, was bapt. in 1639, it seems likely that Faith was born before the family left England. It seems that Faith’s five older surviving siblings were born in England and probably came to America on the *Diligent* even though Daniel Cushing recalled only two Chamberlain children on the *Diligent*.

9. Daniel, bapt. 17 Mar 1639, Hingham, Mass.

10. Sarah, bapt. 26 Sep 1641, Hingham, Mass.

11. Nathaniel, bapt. 26 Nov 1643, Hingham, Mass.

12. Ebenezer, died 28 Oct 1646, Hingham, Mass.

William Chamberlain¹⁰ (1630-1678)

William Chamberlain¹⁰ born c.1620 at Hingham, England, would have been about 18 years old in 1638 when his family left for Hingham, New England. At that time, the family contained five or six children; but, in one report, only two children were said to have been in the family when it went to New England. If so, it might be that young William stayed behind in 1638, and later went to New England. In any case, William is known to have spent his adult life in Massachusetts—he died, 22 Oct 1678, at Hull, Mass. He married (1st), c.1651, a wife who died at Hull c.1660, and he married (2nd), c.1661, a wife who was the mother of his four youngest children. The names of his wives are unknown.

William bought, 9 Nov 1647, a house and lot in Boston from Francis Smith; but, a little more than a year later, 4 Jan 1648, he assigned the property back to Smith. William may then have gone to Hull where he is known to have located before 27 Aug 1654. William's house in the old village of Hull was on the east side of Quaker Lane. He was a selectman about 1658 and a townsman in 1669.

In 1657, the proprietors of Hull confirmed William's deed from Thomas Jones of Langley's Island (now a part of the town of Hingham); and they also granted and confirmed to him other lots of land in Hull: two 6A lots in Hull village and lots at Peddock's Island, Hogge Island, Strawberry Hill, White Head, Sagamore Hill, Lincoln's Rocks, Huett's Poynt, and a meadow lot. In addition to being something of a landowner, William was identified as a weaver when he bought, 1685-86, land from his brother John (see above).

When William died he left an estate valued at £529 and a family of nine children.

Children of William Chamberlain—Chamberlain⁹

With his first wife William had five sons. Probably all were born at Hull.

1. **William**, b 9 Apr 1652; m Eunice Ewell. Lived in Hull.

2. **John**, bapt. 27 Aug 1654 at Hingham; m Deborah Templar. Lived in Charlestown.

3. **Job**, b c.1656; m Joanna Way. Moved to Dorchester, S.C.

4. **Nathaniel**, b 4 Sep 1659; m Abigail Rogers. Moved to Scituate.

5. **Freedom**, b c.1660, d before 14 April 1685 on board Mr. Condrey's ship which had then arrived in Boston (his estate was divided among his brothers and half-brothers and half-sisters).

Young Freedom was admonished and fined, 27 July 1680, for frequenting Quaker meetings.

With his second wife, William had four children, all born at Hull.

6. **Benjamin**, bapt. 18 May 1662; m Mary Wright.

+ 7. **Joseph**, b c.1665; m Mercy Dickinson. More about Joseph below.

8. **Mary**, b.1672; m Nathaniel SHEFFIELD.

9. **Sarah**, b 1676; at Newport, R.I., 1693, unmarried.

Joseph Chamberlain⁹ (c1665-1752)

Joseph Chamberlain⁹ was born c.1665 at Hull, Mass., and he died 7 Aug 1752, aged 87 years, at Colchester, Connecticut. He married, 8 June 1688, at Hadley, Mass., Mercy Dickinson, daughter of John and Frances (Foote) Dickinson. Mercy was born c.1668 at Weathersfield, Conn., and she died 30 June 1735 “in ye 67th year of her age” at Colchester. Joseph was buried in the old parish cemetery in Colchester village.

In 1685 William James of Scituate was appointed guardian for young Joseph. A minor when his father died, I imagine that Joseph finished growing up with guardians and that William James probably succeeded another, unreported, guardian. The next report of young Joseph (Annual Rept., p. 46) is dated 30 Mar 1687 and reads that, for £12—

Joseph Chamberlin of Hull, cordwainer, deeded my brother William Chamberlin of Hull, weaver, land on Pettox Island which was our father William Chamberlin’s and afterwards our brother Freedom Chamberlin’s and now mine.

When Joseph sold his Pettox Island inheritance he was around 22 years old. The record of this sale indicates that Joseph had become a shoemaker, and the sale itself suggests that Joseph did not plan to stay in Hull.

In fact, Joseph soon left Hull, going first to Hadley, Mass., where he married Mercy Dickinson; and than, before 1700, going to Hatfield Mass. Hadley and Hatfield are in west central Massachusetts, on the Connecticut River. Joseph’s final move, around 1704, was to Colchester, Conn., where he spent the rest of his life.

In Colchester, Joseph prospered and became a prominent man. He was made a freeman 31 Dec 1712; and he was a selectman in 1705, 1706, 1716-18 and perhaps in other years. He kept an “ordinary,” or tavern, from 1710 to 1748.

Joseph lived on the main road leading from New London to Hartford about one mile north of Colchester village; and, I imagine, he lived in his tavern. The French ambassadors stayed at Joseph’s tavern in March, 1711, on their way to and from New London: the Governor and Council of Connecticut ordered the treasurer to pay Joseph £1 13s for entertaining the French ambassadors.

Children of Joseph Chamberlain and Mercy Dickinson—Chamberlain⁸

1. **William**, b c.1689; m Sarah Day; lived in Colchester.
2. **Sarah**, b 2 Nov 1690, Hadley, d there 27 Jan 1691.
3. **Sarah**, b 10 Mar 1693, d 9 June 1774; m June 1708 at Colchester Ephraim FOOTE, son of Nathaniel and Margaret (Bliss) Foote of Hatfield and Springfield.
4. **Elizabeth**, b c.1695; m 8 Sep 1715 at Colchester John WELLS, son of Noah and Sarah (Wyatt) Wells of Colchester.
5. **Joseph**, b c.1697; m (1st) Lydia Smith; (2nd) Han. (Clark).
6. **John**, b 4 Mar 1700, Hatfield, d young.

+ **7. Benjamin**, b c.1701; m Hannah Wyatt; lived in Colchester. More about Benjamin below.

8. Freedom, b 15 April 1705, Colchester; m (1st) Mary ___ and (2nd) Rachel (Hungerford) Spencer.

9. John, b 31 Jan 1717-08, Colchester; m Eunice Johnson. Their son, Benjamin, b 3 Sep 1750, Colchester, d 21 Feb 1824, Amsterdam, N.Y.; m 1778 Lucy Day, daughter of Adonijah and Sarah (Loomis) Day of Colchester, who was born 12 June 1756 and who died 16 Sep 1843 at Lima, N.Y. (Chamberlain Bible record in Publications of the Genealogical Society of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, 1926, p. 315).

Benjamin Chamberlain, son of John, moved to Glenville, N.Y., around the turn of the century, as did his older cousin Benjamin, son of Benjamin (above). The Glenville records of these two Benjamin Chamberlains can be confused; but, clearly, Benjamin Chamberlain, son of John, was the Benjamin Chamberlain 2^d who was buried in the cemetery of the West Glenville Dutch Reformed Church where his gravestone reads: died 21 Feb 1824, ae. 73 years 5 mos 18 days. Doubtless, then, Benjamin Chamberlain, 2nd, was the Benjamin Chamberlain who bought, 1814, a pew in the then-new Dutch Reformed church in the village of Glenville. Considering that Minard Knights helped inventory the estate of Benjamin Chamberlain, 2nd, I imagine that Knights was a neighbor and that Benjamin, like his namesake cousin, lived in the northwest corner of Glenville Town.

The Chamberlain Bible record (cited above) reported nine children in the family of Benjamin and Lucy (Day) Chamberlain.

a. **Lucy**, b 7 Feb 1780.

b. **Clarissa**, b 24 June 1781.

c. **Benjamin**, b 10 Apr 1784.

d. **Sarah**, b 7 Oct 1786.

e. **Adonijah**, b 30 Jan 1789.

f. **Harriet**, b 4 May 1791.

g. **Levi**, b 7 Oct 1793.

h. **Erial**, b 4 Jan 1796.

i. **Charles**, b 15 Aug 1799.

Benjamin Chamberlain⁸ (c1701-1750)

Benjamin Chamberlain⁸ was born around 1701 at Colchester, Connecticut, where he died in 1750. He married Hannah Wyatt. Of their 10 children, only three survived to maturity,

1. Oliver, b 1738, Colchester, d 10/18/1821 at Weathersfield, Vermont; m (1st) Mary Jones (d 1804) and (2nd), 1805, Dinah Huntington (d 12/17/1813).

2. Hannah, m William BOOTH.

+ **3. Benjamin, Jr.**, bap. 1744; m Lucretia Little.

Benjamin Chamberlain, Jr.⁷ (1744-aft.1813)

Benjamin Chamberlain, Jr.⁷ was born, 1744, at Colchester, Conn. He married, 12 Jan 1769, at the First Congregational Church of Colchester, Lucretia Little, in a service conducted by Rev. Ephraim Little. I speculate that Lucretia may well have been the daughter of Rev. Little (one of her sons was named Ephraim).

About 1771, Benjamin moved from Colchester to Becket, Mass: Benjamin Chamberlain of Colchester bought, 11 June 1771, a farm in Becket (see Mitchell J. Mulholland, *A Bicentennial History of Becket, Berkshire County, Mass.*, p. 36). By 1790, Benjamin had moved from Becket to Dalton, Mass., where he was then reported in the US census. Still later, Benjamin moved to the Schenectady/Amsterdam area of N.Y.

By 1813, Benjamin apparently had settled in Glenville Town; in that “Benjamin Chamberlain, Jur.” was elected, 5 April 1813, to be one of five trustees of the Methodist Episcopal Society of Glenville—a ME church was built, 1823, in the extreme west part of town, actually, just over the line in the town of Amsterdam, Montgomery County (see *History of Glenville*, 9th report, pt. 2). To judge from the location of this first ME church—it was replaced, 1842, by a brick church in Glenville village—it seems likely that Benjamin lived in the northwest part of Glenville Town or, possibly, just over the county line in Amsterdam Town.

Glazier reported (p. 12) that Benjamin Chamberlain, 2nd, was also called Benjamin Chamberlain, Jr. Considering that Benjamin, 2nd, probably was the man who bought, 1814, a pew in the DR. church in Glenville village (see above), it seems likely that Benjamin, Jr., who was an ME trustee in 1813, was another man—probably the older same-name cousin. No later record of Benjamin, Jr., has come to light.

In 1813, Benjamin would have been 69 years old; and, I speculate, he probably died within the next 10 years. A Lucretia Chamberlain, possibly Benjamin’s wife or widow, died 29 Jan 1818 at Amsterdam, N.Y. (record of 1st Dutch Reformed Church, Manny’s Corners).

Children of Benjamin, Jr., and Lucretia (Little) Chamberlain—Chamberlain⁶

Glazier “deduced” six children in this family.

1. Lucretia, bap. 1770 at Colchester; married, 1807 at Schenectady, James GILLESPIE (Glazier, p. 12).

A younger Lucretia Chamberlain, b 1 May 1789, d 14 Nov 1857; m James Gillespie (1781-1844)—both she and James were buried in the cemetery of the Dutch Reformed Church of West Glenville. I speculate that Lucretia, bap. 1770, may have died young and that Lucretia, b 1789, may have been her namesake in this family.

Of Lucretia’s death, young Mary Malissa Knights wrote in her diary, 14 Nov 1857:

Old Mrs. Glispie died this morning she died in a fit she went out to the barn to catch a chicken for dinner and after she fed them she sat down and sank over backwards and died almost instantly.

2. Ephraim, bap 1771, died 9/25/1846, ae 75, at Burlington, Ostego County, N.Y. He married, 1796, Theodocia Spofford who died 10/26/1851?, ae 78 at Burlington (*ibid.*).

3. Hannah, dau. of Benjn. of Becket, baptised 3 Oct 1773 at Colchester (Records of 1st Congregational Church, Colchester, Conn., Vol. 1, p. 4). Hannah was baptised by the Rev. Ephraim Little who was, I

speculate, her maternal grandfather. When she was baptised, Benjamin was “of Becket” so, it would seem, Hannah may have returned from Becket for her baptism.

4. Benjamin (III), Glazier reported, was “b about 1779; supp. m Annis Potter; ae 71 in 1850 Census of Johnstown, no wife.”

The gravestone of Annis Chamberlain in the Old Burying Ground of the cemetery of the Dutch Reformed Church of West Glenville reads—

wife of Benjamin Chamberlain and dau. of Simeon and Phebe Potter died May 8, 1812, aged 21 years
1 mo. and 25 days.

Benjamin and Annis evidently had a daughter, Cornelia; in that, in his will of 17 Mar 1814, Simeon Potter mentioned that baby granddaughter Cornelia was to have—

all the personal effects which belonged to her mother and [were] delivered to me by and with the request of her father (see POTTER, p. 5).

Reading between the lines of these two records, I surmise that Annis may have died in childbirth, or when Cornelia was very young; and that widower Benjamin then left baby Cornelia with her maternal grandparents, together with Annis’s things which were to be held for Cornelia.

In the Old Burying Ground there is also a stone for Benjamin Chamberlain who “died 6 Dec 1834, aged 54 yrs 6mos” (that is, b 6 June 1780). This stone, near that of Annis Chamberlain, may mark the grave of her husband. If so, the Benjamin Chamberlain who married Annis was not Benjamin (III) who, Glazier reported, was alive in 1850. Nor was he Benjamin, son of Benjamin 2nd, who was born in 1784 (see above). It might be then that the Benjamin Chamberlain who married Annis Potter belonged in some other part of the Chamberlain family. Or, it might be, Glazier’s report that Benjamin (III) was alive in 1850 was mistaken.

5. (illegible)

+ **6. Wyatt**, Glazier reported, was “b ab. 1793...d Amst., 7/18/1864, ae 71; Sarah (Potter), w. of Wyatt (& b Saratoga), d 2/12/66, 74.” Of principal interest here, Wyatt is more fully reported below.

Wyatt Chamberlain⁶ (c1795-1864)

Wyatt Chamberlain⁶ was born c.1793 and he died 18 July 1864 in the town of Amsterdam, Montgomery County, N.Y. He married, 14 Feb 1809, Sarah (Sally) Potter, daughter of Restcome and Lucinda (Strong) Potter (see POTTER). Sarah was born 28 May 1792 in the town of Galway, Saratoga County, N.Y., and she died 12 Feb 1866. Both Wyatt and Sarah were buried in Greenhill Cemetery, Amsterdam.

Wyatt and Sarah joined, 22 Apr 1820, the First Dutch Reformed Church in the town of Amsterdam, located at Manny’s Corners—this church was the predecessor of the First Presbyterian church at the same location. The early (DR) records of this church reported that “Sally, wife of Wyatt Chamberlain,” was baptised there, 30 Apr 1820; and that the five oldest children in this family, born 1810-1820, also were baptised there. Except for Lucretia, b 19 Nov 1817 and bap. 7/11/1821, the dates of the children’s baptisms were not reported. Probably they were baptised after their parents joined the church.

Where Wyatt and Sarah spent the 11 years between their marriage in 1809 and their Amsterdam church affiliation in 1820 is not yet known. I speculate that they may have settled in Amsterdam after their marriage and that they delayed joining the church at Manny's Corners (perhaps the only church in their locality) because it was an unfamiliar denomination. Wyatt, probably, was born into a Congregationalist family. His father, on moving to the Glenville/ Amsterdam area (which lacked a Congregational church), became, in 1813, a trustee of the Glenville Methodist Episcopal Society (see above). The first Glenville ME church, perhaps the denomination of choice in Wyatt's family, however, was not built until 1823. Sarah's adult baptism may have been a reflection of her Quaker upbringing (see POTTER, pp. 7, 9); and, if so, Sarah, too, lacked a church of choice in the Amsterdam/Glenville area.

In Amsterdam, where Wyatt and Sarah joined the church at Manny's Corners in 1820, and where they were buried (in the Greenhill Cemetery) at the end of their lives, I imagine that they may have lived where they were reported in the 1830 census: next door (or the next farm from) Jonathan Lawsing (John Lawsing's half-brother) and seven dwellings from Caleb Crane (whose children Phebe and Edward married John Lawsing's children Peter and Catherine (see LAWSING)). Considering that kinship often influenced settlement, and vice versa, I speculate that Wyatt and Sarah probably lived in the northeast part of Amsterdam Town, not far from John Lawsing, who lived in the northwest part of Glenville Town.

Children of Wyatt and Sarah (Potter) Chamberlain—Chamberlain⁵

Twelve children for these parents were reported in *Genealogies of the Potter Families and Their Descendants in America*, edited by Charles Edward Potter (Boston, 1888), Part 8, p. 5. In addition, baptismal records of the First Dutch Reformed Church, Amsterdam, indicate another child, Gilbert. Census records suggest that Gilbert died in early childhood as did an unnamed daughter.

+ **1. Julia Ann**, born 28 Sep 1810, died 7 Nov 1877; married, 26 Jan 1831, Chauncey B. LAWSING, son of John and Elizabeth (Wright) Lawsing. More about Julia, of principal interest here, can be found in the LAWSING section of this account.

There is a family story that Julia was the only homely one of "Seven Beautiful Chamberlain Sisters." Commenting on this story, Julia's granddaughter, Mabel (Van Vranken) Crane, wrote (13 Jan 1960) to Margaret B. Lawsing (another granddaughter):

I don't think that this description quite fits as I remember Aunt Angeline and Aunt Lucretia as being far from beauties. Julia's only bad feature was her slit of a mouth.

At this point, Margaret B. Lawsing noted:

But they (Angeline and Lucretia) were old when she (Mabel) saw them.

The Potter Genealogy reported eight daughters in this family. Perhaps there were seven "beautiful" sisters and one other.

2. Jane A., born 2 Mar 1814, died 1874; unmarried.

3. Lucinda, born 28 Dec 1815, died 7 Oct 1887; married, 17 Sep 1839, Orenzo Squire WARREN.

4. Lucretia, born 19 Nov 1817, Amsterdam; married, 14 Apr 1842, Walter H. CONKLIN, born 1820, son of Benjamin and Mehitable (Green) Conklin.

5. Charles Platt, born 12 Feb 1820. (No more information in Potter Genealogy.)

6. Gilbert, baptised, Amsterdam, no date but reported after Charles Platt in baptismal records, apparently died before 1830 census.

The 1830 Amsterdam census reported children in the Wyatt Chamberlain household as follows: 1 m under 5; 1 m 5-9; 1 m 10-14 (apparently, George, Sidney and Charles Platt); and 2 f under 5, 1 f 5-9, 1 f 10-14, 1 f 15-19, 1 f 20-29 (apparently, Elizabeth and a daughter, not reported in the Potter Genealogy, who may have died prematurely, Angeline, Lucretia, Lucinda and Jane). Oldest daughter Julia seems not to have been reported—possibly she was in some other household at the time.

7. Angeline, born 22 Apr 1822; married, 26 Dec 1849, Geroe GREEN, M. D.

8. Sidney Potter, born 11 Apr 1824, died unmarried (no date but before 1888).

9. Elizabeth, born 8 Sep 1826, died 4 June 1877; married, 1 Feb 1849, William Parkins DOLAND, 1824-1882.

10. George Wyatt, born 14 Aug 1828; unmarried (in 1888).

11. Acsah Eliza, born 12 Apr 1831; married, 6 Jan 1859, Cook TALCOTT, son of Capt. Mosely and Harriet (Sweetland) Talcott.

12. Benjamin, born 7 Apr 1832, died (no date but before 1888).

13. Amy Maria, born 6 Dec 1835; married, 7 Oct 1864, Elestres G. RANDALL, born 1831, son of Capt. George and Olive Randall.